Issued on 2018-01-09

Products Information Data Sheet

These products are hermetically sealed state in a vessel, and are exempted from Safety Data Sheet regulations. However, this manual provides you with referential information to safety use the products.

Section 1 - Products and Company Identification

Products name

Coin-type Manganese Dioxide Lithium Batteries (CRC)

Products sizes

CR1216 CR1220 CR1616 CR1632 CR2016 CR2025 CR2032

CR2430 CR2450

Company

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Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

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Ingredients	CAS#	PRTR	Weight/Content	
Lithium metal (Li)	7439-93-2	Not regulated	Shown at *1	
Propylene carbonate (C ₄ H ₆ O ₃)	108-32-7	Not regulated	5~10 wt%	
Manganese dioxide(MnO ₂)	1313-13-9	1-412	20~40 wt%	
Graphite(C)	7782-42-5	Not regulated	4.5.5040/	
Acetylene black(C)	1333-86-4	Not regulated	1.5~5.0 wt%	
Dimethoxyethane (C ₄ H ₁₀ O ₂)	110-71-4	Not regulated	3~5 wt%	
Lithium perchlorate(LiClO ₄)	7791-03-9	Not regulated	0.5~1.5 wt%	

*1: Lithium metal weight (g) as standard

	. (0)		
CR1216	0.009	CR2025	0.042
CR1220	0.013	CR2032	0.060
CR1616	0.012	CR2430	0.075
CR1632	0.033	CR2450	0.165
CR2016	0.021		

Section 3 - Summary of Danger and Toxicity

Fatal danger and toxicity

No information available

Danger and toxicity

Chemical ingredient is hermetically sealed in a vessel, so the product is neither dangerous nor toxic as a cell. The cell shapes like a small coin, so be careful that particularly a little child may accidentally swallow it. If the lithium metal of contents touches the skin, a chemical burn is caused. In addition, the lithium metal is oxidized and creates corrosive lithium oxide. If reacting with water, lithium metal produces hydrogen gas that may fire as a combustible gas. If a cell burnt, generated steam may stimulate eyes, skin, and throat.

Effect to environment

No information available

Overview of prospective

A cell may break or be shorted by an external mechanical or

emergency

electrical stress.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

There is no problem in the normal state. But take the following measures when the contents have begun to leak by the destruction of the battery.

Inhalation

: If a person inhaled steam, move to the place where air is fresh

immediately. If he/her feels ill, immediately call a doctor for

therapy and treatment.

Skin.

If the content adheres to skin, immediately wash it with a large

amount of clean water and soap promptly. If irritating, consult a

doctor.

Eyes

If the content enters eyes, rinse eyes with a large amount of

clean water for more than 15 minutes, and consult a doctor.

Ingestion

If a cell is swallowed, immediately call a doctor for therapy and

treatment.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Fire extinguishers

CO₂, dry chemical

Specific fire fighting method

In the initial state of a fire, move cells/batteries from near the fire source, to a safe location. At that time, work at a windward location, as far as possible, and be sure to put on a protective

breathing mask.

Protection of fire fighting

personnel

Be wear protective breathing masks, gloves, glasses and helmet for the keeping safe. (Preferably, use a self-feeding

type mask.)

Section 6 - Action upon Leakage and Removing Method

A cell hermetically contains constituents in a vessel, so contents normally may not leak out. However, if the contents leaks because of a mechanical or electrical stress, scatter dry sand to absorb it, and collect the sand in a vessel. If lithium metal leaks, there is a firing potential because of a reaction with moisture in the atmosphere and reaction heat. At that time, be sure to put on a protective-breathing mask. (Preferably, use a self-feeding type mask.)

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling

Any leakage or obnoxious odor of a cell, it should be disposed.

Never solder a cell body.

Do not contact cell terminals between each other, or with another conductor. Neither throws into fire, decompose, heat, dent, deform, charge nor drop a battery. Do not dip a cell in

water or seawater.

Storage

Store cells without direct sunlight, high temperature, high humidity, rain, dew, etc., and select a storage location with a temperature as low as possible (preferable temperature

10-25°C and relative humidity 70% or less). In addition, keep cells away from dangerous matter such as combustible or ignitable materials. Absolutely never place a cell in contact with a combustible or conductive substance. Prepare

appropriate firefighting equipment.

Note

See handling and storing precautions described in the product

catalog, specification, etc.

Section 8 - Prevention from Exposure

Protection of respiratory

organs

Not required in a normal operating state

Protection of eyes

Not required in a normal operating state

Other protective tools etc.

Not required in a normal operating state

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Shape

Coin-shape. Contents are sealed in a stiff stainless steel

vessel

PH

Not applicable because a cell is not soluble with water.

Boiling point/boiling range

Melting point
Decomposition temperature

No information

No information No information

Flash point

No information

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to be avoided

If a number of cells are mixed up without insulating terminals, they may short and possibly heat, break and ignite. When a cell is charged, possibly in bursting the electrolyte etc. Or, it may possibly burst or fire. If a cell is heated or thrown into fire, it may explode or fire with the electrolyte etc. bursting from

inside of the cell.

If decomposed, there is a possibility of overheating or fire due

to short circuit, and ignition of some material around etc.

Section 11 - Information on Toxicity

There is no toxicity because chemical substances are hermetically sealed in a metal vessel.

As a reference, chemical substances composing a cell are described below.

Lithium metal

Acute toxicity

No appropriate report available

Local effect

A skin contact may result in inflammation.

Manganese dioxide

Acute toxicity

L_DL_O:45 mg/kg (Intravenous injection, rabbit)

L_D:422 mg/kg (Hypodermic injection, mouse)

Irritation

Irritating eyes, nose, throat and skin.

Chronic toxicity

If a person is exposed to powder for a long time or repeatedly, the lung and the nervous system may be affected, possibly

causing bronchitis, pneumonia, nervous disease or mental

disease.

Procreation toxicity

TCL₀:49mg/m³ (Inhalation, mouse)

Graphite

Chronic toxicity

If inhaled for a long time without protective tools, local

ventilation, etc., graphite lung may result.

Breathing toxicity

If inhaled for a long time without protective tools, local

ventilation, etc., graphite lung may result.

Dimethoxyethane

Irritation

Irritating and possibly causing inflammation

Acute toxicity : L_{D50}:7kg/kg (Rat oral)

Chronic toxicity

Long-term exposure may cause inflammation. If exposed

further, liver or kidney may be troubled.

Teratogenicity

Acknowledged to have teratogenicity through experiments on

animals

Propylene carbonate

Irritation

Irritating skin and eyes

Acute toxicity

L_{D50}:29kg/kg (Rat oral)

Section 12 - Ecological Information

No information as batteries.

Section 13 - Disposal Precautions

Disposal of the substance should be done according to the laws and regulations.

Although used cells can be discarded basically as "nonflammable refuse," some local governments sort and collect them at their own discretion. Therefore, observe instructions of the government you belong to, to dispose of the substance.

Keep the following discarding precautions:

- Even a used cell sometimes stores electric energy. Therefore, to prevent the battery from short-circuit, isolate cells from each other by a method such as taping +, terminals of cells, or using the individual housing case of a cell, used when you bought the battery, and orderly encasing batteries in a box, then submit an application of disposal to the local government of your residence, using the designated form.
- · Packing cells so that they are not shorted, and prevent the package from being wetted.
- If cells must be discarded in a country other than Japan, observe the instructions of the country and local government.

Section 14 - Transportation Precautions

It is required to perform the confirmation such as laws and ordinances / the regulation about the transportation by shipper responsibility. After our product was delivered to a customer, if a customer transports a product as a shipper, it is necessary to confirm the latest laws and ordinances / regulation with the customer. The following information is not things to guarantee with a thing to offer as reference information about the transportation.

Coin-type Manganese Dioxide Lithium Batteries are classified in UN recommendation as follows.

Proper Shipping Name/Description :

LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES

·UN Number

UN3090

(When cell/butteries contained in equipment and

packed with equipment, it is UN3091)

·Class or Div.(Sub Risk)

Class9 (Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods)

Packing Group

: -

The other major transportation regulation is as follows.

Area	Method	Regulations
International	Air	ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR
International	Ocean	IMO-IMDG Code
U.S.A	Air, Rail, Highway, Water	US DOT-49 CFR
Europe	Rail, Highway	RID,ADR

These regulations are based on the UN Recommendations. Each special provision provides specifications on exceptions and packaging for lithium metal batteries shipping.

<Aircraft Transportation>

Lithium metal cells and batteries transported as cargo will be restricted to Cargo Airplane Only. The prohibition on the carriage on passenger aircraft only applies to lithium metal cells and batteries when shipped by themselves (PI968 Section IA, IB and II). The prohibition does not apply to lithium metal cells and batteries packed with equipment (PI969) or contained in equipment (PI970).

<Ocean Transportation>

It is possible to transport lithium metal cells and batteries as Non-Dangerous Good by vessel if satisfied with SP188 of IMO-IMG Code.

Note:

The above information only shows the general trend of regulations for lithium metal batteries but not guarantee the transportation of your products, so that it is highly recommended to check the status on real time basis as it depends on the decision by transportation companies, regions, and countries.

Section 15 - Applicable Laws and Regulations

The laws and ordinances about the battery shall obey the latest laws and ordinances.

Major applicable regulations for the transportation of lithium metal cells and batteries are as follows:

- · Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations 19th (UN)
- · Dangerous Goods Regulations, 59th Edition (IATA)
- Technical Instructions for the Safety Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air, 2017-2018 Edition (ICAO)
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code, 2016 Edition (IMO)

Section 16 - Other Information

The battery is considered to be an article for purposes of the TSCA and not a chemical. Therefore, the battery is exempt from the TSCA requirements.

Contents of this manual have been edited based on data, information, etc. that Toshiba could acquire when editing the manual, so the manual may be revised by new information, if any. Contents of the manual assume normal handling of batteries, and are provided as referential information. Therefore, the manual provides no warranties. The customer is requested to use batteries on the basis of appropriate measures established depending on individual conditions, application and operation. Any numerals such as contents and concentration ranges, and others are not guaranteed.

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TOSHIBA LIFESTYLE PRODUCTS & SERVICES CORPORATION

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